

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 505, Vol. X.]

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1879.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,
WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.
At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanas, and Elemes
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzola, six diamond
Gin: J. & K. Z. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY AND CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac
Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, Scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: wineceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels; Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Cocoa and felt matting
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertights, halt-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boot
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerscham and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

W. TALBOYS'
NEW GROCERY QUOTATIONS.

New Season Tea, 1878-79 (Boxes of 12lb), 23s
Cocoa (pound tins), 1s 6d
Muscatels, 1s 2d per lb
Jordan Almonds, 2s 3d per lb
Elemes, 7½d per lb
Lemon Peel, 1s 5d per lb
Two-crown Soap, 12s per box
Three-crown Soap, 14s per box
Cheese, 10d per lb
Hams, 10d per lb
Kerosene (Nooday), 12s per tin.

Fresh Herrings, 8d per tin.
Lobsters, 10½d per tin
Salmon, 10½d per tin
Sardines (half-pound tins), 11d
Sardines (quarter-pound tins), 7d
Oysters, 7d per tin
Tainish's Jams, 11d per tin
Figs, 1s per box
Preserved Fruits, 2s.
Pickles, 1s per bottle
Candles 10½d per lb

ABOVE PRICES ARE STRICTLY CASH.

Men's Elastic Sides, Lace-ups and Watertights, Colonial Made, 14s 6d.

A large stock of Ladies' and Children's Kid Boots (Copper Toes), 4s 6d.

W. TALBOYS, LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

Cromwell Advertisements

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

In returning thanks to the Public of Cromwell and surrounding districts for past patronage, respectfully beg to inform them that, having been unsuccessful in disposing of our Cromwell branch, we have determined

TO CONTINUE BUSINESS,

And, with that view, have Replenished our Stock with a large and well-selected assortment of

DRAPERY, BOOTS, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS,

CROCKERY, IRONMONGERY & GROCERIES,

Which we are now offering at prices far below former quotations. We would specially draw attention to our Stock of

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

BLANKETS, ETC.,

DIRECT FROM OUR OWN FACTORY, AS BEING OF VERY CHOICE VALUE.

AN EARLY INSPECTION SOLICITED.

AGENTS FOR

Robertson & Hallenstein's Silk-dressed Flour, Bran and Pollard.

A LARGE STOCK OF GRAIN AND PRODUCE ALWAYS ON HAND.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

W. TALBOYS'

REDUCED PRICE LIST OF

WINTER DRAPERY, CLOTHING, &c.

Good Wineceys, 6d, 10d and 1s
Satin Cloths, new shales, 1s 6d
French Merinos, 2s, 2s 6d and 3s
All Wool Plaids, 2s 11d
Fancy Dress, 10s 6d, 12s 6d and 15s
Black Silks, 60s; Colored, 50s (the Dress)
Black and Colored Lustres, 11d and 1s 3d
Costume Cloths, 11d, 1s 3d and 1s 6d
Horrocks' Calico, 5s 9d per doz
Unbleached Calico, 5s 9d per doz
Real Welsh Flannel, 1s 3d and 1s 6d
Colored Flannels in Twill and Plain
White Blankets, 13s 6d per pair
Colored Blankets, 14s—large stock
Sheeting, 72in, 1s 6d
Turkish Towels, 12s per doz
Tweeds, 3s 6d, 4s 6d and 5s 6d
Carpets and Matting, from 1s 4d

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing in Colonial and English Tweeds and makes
Men's Suits, 37s 6d, 40s and 45s; Pagets, 50s
Trousers and Vests, 17s 6d, 22s 6d and 25s
Trousers, Tweed, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, and 15s
White and Colored Moles, three crown, 9s
Coats, splendid stock new goods, from 17s 6d
Pilot Coats, from 22s 6d
Knit Drawers, 5s 6d, 7s 6d and 8s 6d
Serge Drawers, 7s 6d; Cotton, 3s
Shirts, job lot, at 4s 6d; Crimean, 5s to 10s
Flannels, large sizes, 5s 6d, 6s 6d and 7s 6d
Boys' Knicker Suits, 10s 6d, 15s and 17s 6d
Youths' Suits, 25s, 30s, and 32s 6d.
Men's White Embroidered Shirts
Gent's Scarfs in great variety
Large stock Felt Hats, 4s, 5s and 6s 6d
Bed Rugs, large size, 12s 6d.

A Large and Varied Stock of New Goods in Ladies' and Children's Jackots, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Gloves, Scarfs, Lace Sots, Hosiery, Ribbons and Trimmings

Cromwell



The following are the days appointed for holding the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Courts for the month of July, 1879, for the Dunstan division of the Otago Goldfields Districts:—

CLYDE—Thursday, July 3, 10, 17, 24, and 31.

CROMWELL—Friday, July 4, 11, 18, and 25

ALEXANDRA—Monday, July 23

[The Office at Alexandra will be open once a fortnight for the transaction of public business.]

ROXBURGH—Tuesday, July 22

BLACKS—Tuesday, July 1.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
Warden and R.M.

HENRICH BEHRENS,
WHEELWRIGHT
AND COACH-BUILDER,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.
(Nearly opposite Bank of New South Wales).
Is prepared to execute all Orders entrusted to him with carefulness and despatch.

A Large Supply of Well-seasoned American and Native Timbers kept in Stock.

Repairs done in best style.

K. PRETSCHE,
CROMWELL,
COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paper hangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND
General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

E. MURRELL,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Has just received, per Suez Mail, his first consignment of SILVER HUNTING LEVER WATCHES direct from the Manufacturer in London. As these Watches are made to his own order, bear his name, and specially made to suit the requirements of this district, he can with confidence recommend them to the public both as regards finish and accuracy of adjustment, and as Time-keepers not to be excelled in the colony.

E.M. has made arrangements for regular supplies, and as he buys for cash he is in a position to defy competition.

A Two Years' Guarantee given with every Watch.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Note the address—

E. MURRELL,
Watch and Clock Maker,
MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

FRUIT AND FOREST TREES.

FOR SALE

AT THE

GLADSTONE NURSERY,
NEAR INVERCARGILL:—

1-year-old Apple Trees, 7s per dozen

2-year-old Apple Trees, 9s per dozen

3-year-old Apple Trees, 12s per dozen

4-year-old Apple Trees, from 16s per dozen

Plums, Pears and Cherries from 17s per dozen

Peaches, £1 4s per dozen

Gooseberries and Currants, from 3s per dozen

Scotch Fir, three years old (transplanted),

£4 per 1,000

Pinus Astrica, L4 10s per 1,000

Pinus Pinaster, L3 10s 6d per 1,000

Norway Spruce, four years old, L5 per 1,000

400,000 Quicks, 9s, 10s, 12s, 15s and 20s

per 1,000

Rhubarb Roots, 10s, 15s and 20s per dozen

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR LARGE ORDERS.

Note the Address—

R. BIRRELL,
BOX 85, INVERCARGILL P.O.

Insurance Companies.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

[ESTABLISHED, 1859.]

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL ... £1,000,000.

Accepts Fire Risks on every description of property, at lowest rates.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
Agent, Cromwell.

SOUTH BRITISH INSURANCE CO.

CAPITAL ... £750,000.
With unlimited liability of Shareholders.

Every description of Fire Insurance business undertaken. The liberality and promptness in settlement which have been important features in securing the above rapid progress still characterise the South British.

Every information supplied by

D. A. JOLLY & CO.,
Agents, Cromwell.

KAWARAU COAL PIT,
BANNOCKBURN.

MOORE & PRYDE, Proprietors.

The Coal supplied from above Pit is recognised as the best yet vended in the district. It burns freely, and emits great heat. It is delivered at
Cromwell ... 24s per ton.
Bannockburn ... 20s do.
At Pit's mouth ... 12s do.

FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

MOORE & PRYDE,
Proprietors.

VINCENT FLOUR MILL,
OPHIR.

J. C. JONES

Begs to inform the inhabitants of the surrounding districts that, having now completed the above Flour Mill, which he has fitted up with machinery on the most improved principle, he is prepared to supply

SILK-DRESSED FLOUR
of the best quality; also, Bran and Pollard.

Gristing at Current Rates.

J. C. JONES.

WANAKA SAW-MILLS.

RUSSELL, EWING & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

The Proprietors have placed the above Mills in complete working order with the best appliances obtainable and are prepared to supply Manufactured Timber of every description; Posts, Rails, Props, Slabs, &c. &c., at the shortest possible notice, at reasonable prices and on easy terms.

Orders punctually attended to and despatched with promptitude.

RUSSELL, EWING & Co.,
WANAKA SAW MILLS.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels, Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Cromwell

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

G. W. GODDGER . . . Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, delivered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

G. W. GODDGER.

CROMWELL

VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,
MELMORE STREET.

ROBERT WISHART,
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, MACHINIST, &c.

Every description of work in connection with Mining and Farming Tools and Machinery made and repaired on the premises.

Good Workmanship guaranteed at Reasonable Prices.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally that he has gone to the expense of fitting up a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS, being the first introduced up-country; and in this branch he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most-approved principle.

Light shoes ... 10s.
Draught do. ... 16s.

N.B.—A large supply of Slesinger's Horse and Cattle Medicines on hand.

IMPORTANT TO WAGONERS, FARMERS, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

NEW VETERINARY & SHOEING FORGE.

JAMES RICHARDS

Having purchased the business as General Blacksmith and Horse-shoer in Cromwell, lately carried on by Mr R. Cayford, begs to inform the public that he is in a position to execute every class of work in a most satisfactory manner at reasonable prices.

In the Veterinary and Shoeing Department the advertiser has considerable experience, and in these branches can guarantee to suit those who favor him with their patronage.

Horses carefully and skilfully treated for all complaints.

Note the Address—

MURRAY STREET, CROMWELL,
Opposite Messrs Grant and MacKellar's offices.

SHERWOOD AND WRIGHT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL

STOREKEEPERS,

MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

Having completed their arrangements for the regular consignment of Goods suitable to the market, Sherwood and Wright have pleasure in intimating that they have now on hand, and constantly arriving, full supplies of

WINES, SPIRITS, PROVISIONS, AND FAMILY GROCERIES

of the very best quality obtainable, and which will be found to compare most favorably as to price with those of any establishment on the Goldfields.

The Stock comprises every class of goods in above line, so that it is unnecessary to give a detailed list.

Messrs Sherwood and Wright have made arrangements for a constant supply of

FLOUR, BRAN, POLLARD, AND GENERAL PRODUCE

of the finest quality from the Wakatipu Mills. In this line the firm can offer special value.

GOODS DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF THE DISTRICT.

FAMILIES REGULARLY WAITED UPON.

S. & W. desire specially to state that they have entered into arrangements for the regular supply to them of

DAIRY PRODUCE

from one of the finest farms on the Taieri, an advantage which they feel sure their customers will fully appreciate.

N O T I C E.

A number of useless Curs are allowed to prowl about on Kawarau Station by their owners. This is to give them warning that POISON will be laid wherever they are most likely to get it.

October, 1877.

JAMES COWAN.

Miscellaneous.

P. BUTEL & CO. S
FLOUR MILLS,
NEAR ARROWTOWN,
Supply First-class
SILK-DRESSED FLOUR, BRAN, AND
POLLARD.

GRISTING DONE AT CURRENT RATES.

Country orders executed with care and dispatch. An excellent sample of flour guaranteed, —cannot be excelled in the Colony.

CENTRAL REGISTRY OFFICE.

E. LYONS begs to notify the inhabitants of Cromwell and District that he has OPENED REGISTRY OFFICE in conjunction with his Fruiterer's Business in Dunedin.

Hotelkeepers, station owners and others can rely upon obtaining suitable Servants of every description.

E. LYONS

(Late J. B. L. Luke),

COMMISSION, LAND & ESTATE AGENT,
GEORGE-STREET, DUNEDIN.

COBB AND CO.'S
LIVERY STABLES,

LAWRENCE,

Will now be under the personal supervision of
Mr Craig.

HORSES & BUGGIES ALWAYS ON HIRE.

Horses Broken to Saddle and Harness.

H. CRAIG & Co.,
Proprietors.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Impurity of the Blood.—Entealed Existence.

This medicine embraces every attribute required in a general and domestic remedy; it overturns the foundation of disease laid by defective food and impure air. In obstruction or congestion of the liver, lungs, bowels, or any other organs, these Pills are especially serviceable and eminently successful. They should be kept in readiness in every family, being a medicine of incomparable utility for young persons, particularly to those of feeble constitutions.

Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Headache and Lowness of Spirits.

These Pills effect a truly wonderful change in debilitated constitutions, as they create a healthy appetite, correct indigestion, remove excess of bile, and overcome giddiness, headache, and palpitation of the heart.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these pills are famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, removing dangerous congestions, and renewing suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, these Pills never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Nervous Debility.

Persons who feel weak, low, and nervous, may rest assured some serious ailment is looming in the distance, against which instant action should be taken. These renowned Pills present the ready means of exciting energetic action on the liver, liberating accumulated bile, and lifting at once a load from the spirits and expelling poison from the body.

Indigestion, Stomach, and Liver Complaints.

Persons suffering from any disorders of the liver, stomach, or other organs of digestion, should have immediate recourse to these Pills, as there is no medicine known that acts on these particular complaints with such certain success.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Dolorous
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from what ever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," engraved thereon.

On the label is the address, 533, Oxford street, London, where alone they are manufactured.

Beware of all Compounds styled

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT
With a "New York" Label.

Cromwell



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.



R. AND W. OLDS,
FAMILY BUTCHERS,

MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL.

In thanking householders of the town and district of Cromwell for the liberal patronage conferred upon them since starting business, desire to say that they have entered into such arrangements as will enable them to continue to supply their Customers with Beef, Mutton, Pork and other articles in the trade of the very best quality.

SMALL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Families and Hotels waited upon daily.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY.

J. SCOTT,
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,
Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

THOMAS FOOTE,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

FOR SALE.

Several Sections in Cromwell Cottage (furnished) and Section in Melmore Terrace

Cottage and Section in Murray-street Shop and Dwelling in Melmore-street Cottage on Block IX.

Water-race of 12 heads (Lowburn) Agricultural Lease Area of 200 Acres 5000 mixed full-mouthed Sheep Cromwell Coal Lease and Plant Several Quartz-crushing Batteries Bannockburn Water-race.

2 Acres, Freehold (fenced), adjoining Cromwell.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Agent, Cromwell.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal ailment by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Article in the Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets or tins, labelled:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINES.
LONDON.

Hotels.

KIRTLEBURN HOTEL,
ROARING MEG.

T. GORMAN ... Proprietor.

The travelling public will find every comfort and accommodation at this hostelry. Wines, Beer, and Spirits of best brands.

JOHN MARS H,
BRIDGE HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

VALUE FOR MONEY.

VICTORIA BRIDGE HOTEL

J. M'CORMICK ... Proprietor.

The above well-known Hotel (late Edwards') has undergone a thorough renovation at the hands of the present proprietor, and is now second to no house on the main road from Cromwell to Queenstown.

Travellers may rest assured that they will receive every attention at the above Hotel.

The excellent range of STONE STABLES is under the charge of an experienced Groom. Horses will therefore secure every attention.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,
(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior eight-stall stone stable, replete with every convenience for Travellers. Unsurpassed in the District.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Court-house.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retained at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables
AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

CHARLES PEAKE.

CRITERION HOTEL,
ALEXANDRA.

HENRY TOHILL, Proprietor.

H. TOHILL begs to inform the Travelling Public that this Hotel possesses every convenience, and trusts, by strict attention to the comfort of Travellers and the Public generally, to merit their patronage.

PRIVATE PARLOR AND BEDROOMS.

Large and commodious Billiard Room and Alcock's Prize Table.

THE BEST OF WINES, SPIRITS AND BEER ONLY KEPT.

The Culinary Department Specially attended to.

GOOD STABLING.

Miscellaneous.

PORT PHILIP HOTEL,
SUNDERLAND STREET, CLYDE.

JOHN COX, Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation; and J. C. begs to inform the Travelling Public that, to suit the times, he has determined on reducing the charges, which, from date, will be as follows:—

Stabling, per night	...	6s
Single Feed	...	2s
Meals and Bed, each	...	2s
Board and Lodging, per week	30s	
Board only	...	20s

The Stables attached to the Hotel comprise, besides Stalls, Eight Loose Boxes. An efficient Groom always in attendance, and only the best of Provender kept.

Cobb and Co's. coaches arrive and depart from this Hotel.

THE BEST BRANDS OF SPIRITS, WINES, AND BEERS.

N.B.—A Private Cottage for Families, containing all the comforts of a home.

WAKATIPU STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

THE NEW S.S. MOUNTAINEER,

Captain T. PATERSON,
Carrying H.M. Mails, will Leave
QUEENSTOWN FOR KINGSTON
DAILY, at 9.30 a.m.,
Meeting the Invercargill Train, and Returning to Queenstown at 2.30 p.m.

The Directors, having REDUCED the rates hitherto ruling on all kinds of Freight, hope to secure thereby the greatest share of the Lake traffic, and draw the attention of the Travelling Public to the Superior Passenger Accommodation and the high rate of speed of this splendid Boat.

Goods for the Arrow District stored here until the Frankton Agency is established.

The Public are invited to avail themselves of the Season Tickets issued by the Company.

For particulars, apply to the Captain or the undersigned.

LEWIS HOTOP,
Manager.
Queenstown, February 13th, 1879.



NOTICE.

J. W. ROBERTSON & CO.
AND
WILLIAMS & ARCHER

Have much pleasure in informing the Public that, owing to the extraordinary increase of traffic on the Lake since the completion of the Railway, they have decided to run their powerful Paddle-steamer

ANTRIM

And their clipper-built Screw-steamer

JANE WILLIAMS,

As hitherto (Thrice Weekly)

To and from Kingston at a reduced rate of **TWELVE SHILLINGS & SIXPENCE PER TON** Delivered either at QUEENSTOWN or FRANKTON, the Agent's Charges at Kingston included in the above-referred-to freight.

FARM PRODUCE

From FRANKTON and QUEENSTOWN to KINGSTON at 7s 6d per ton (exclusive of Agent's charges at Kingston).

WOOL AND HIDES

To KINGSTON, 14s per ton (inclusive of Agent's charges at Kingston).

PASSENGERS' FARE

To and from KINGSTON, 2s 6d each Passenger. Passengers returning the same day charged Single Fare.

J. W. ROBERTSON & Co., having every facility for continuing the business in the same efficient manner as hitherto, will still continue to bestow the same attention to Goods consigned to them. They request the Consignees to instruct their correspondents to address their Goods to the care of

J. W. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Queenstown.
Queenstown, the 4th day of March, 1879.

Cromwell.

SELLING OFF!!
SELLING OFF!!

DRAPERY, CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Fancy Goods, Jewellery,
BOOKS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
&c., &c.

J. SOLOMON

Has determined upon giving up Business in Cromwell solely on account of the recent bereavement in his family.

The Public will therefore bear in mind this is NO CHEAP CLEARING SALE, But a

GENUINE SALE
Of everything in Stock at any sacrifice.

EVERY ARTICLE WILL BE SOLD BELOW COST PRICE.

Special Inducements to Customers Purchasing Large Parcels.

It is impossible to quote Prices for such a large Stock.

Come and See and be Convinced.

J. S. will not Refuse any Reasonable Offer for a Large Parcel.

In order to make a speedy clearance, J. S. has made arrangements with Mr O. CUMMINS to visit the surrounding district, as well as the Arrow, Queenstown, Clyde, Alexandra, Blacks, Tinkers and Drybread, so as to give all who are not in a position to come to Cromwell the opportunity of securing Bargains.

Look out for O. CUMMINS,

One trial will prove to anyone not entirely in the hands of other storekeepers how much cheaper J. S. is selling than any storekeeper in the district.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

NEW WINTER GOODS
ONLY JUST OPENED OUT

CHEAP BOOTS!

Heavy-nailed Watertights, 14s 6d
Heavy-nailed Bluchers, 10s
Gent's Balmoral's (best quality), 15s
Gent's E.S. (best quality), 16s
Boy's heavy-nailed Lace Boots, 6s 6d
Youths' do do, 8s 6d
Women's E.S. Leather Boots, 10s
Copper-toed Lace Boots, 4s 6d to 5s 6d
E.S. copper-toe Boots, 5s to 6s 6d
Maid's E.S. Leather Boots (1 and 2), 8s 6d
Elastic top Leather Slippers, 4s

THE ABOVE ARE ALL BEST DUNEDIN MAKE.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S KID BOOTS,
A Large Variety, equally Low in Price.

GUM BOOTS, 22s 6d.

The above Prices must convince the Public that J. Solomon means business.

TERMS—CASH ONLY.

Vincent County Gazette.

TENDERS will be received at the County Offices, Clyde, up till 3 p.m. of **TUESDAY**, the 23rd day of July, 1879, for the undermentioned works:—

CONTRACT No. 57.—Formation of 2 Chains of road, being the approaches to the Bridge over the Manuhierikia, on the East Bank.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the County Offices, Clyde.

CONTRACT No. 58.—Gravelling 48½ Chains of the main road, "Cromwell to Wanaka" between Cromwell Town Boundary and the Head of Johnson's Gully.

Specifications may be seen at the County Offices, Clyde, and Cromwell.

CONTRACT No. 59.—Formation of 47 Chains of road in the Lindis Lower Gorge.

Specifications may be seen at the County Offices, Clyde and Cromwell.

Tenders to be addressed to the Chairman, and marked "Tender for Contract No. 57, 58 or 59" (as the case may be).

Neither the lowest nor any tender necessarily accepted.

L. D. MACGEORGE,

County Engineer.

County Offices,
Clyde, July 9, 1879.

V.  R.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE OTAGO GOLDFIELDS HOLDEN AT QUEENSTOWN.

In the matter of the Debtors and Creditors Act, 1876, and of the Debtors and Creditors Act, 1878, and of the Bankruptcy of THOMAS TALL, of Skippers Point, Goldminer, a Debtor.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY that Franz William Frederick Geisow, Certificated Accountant in Bankruptcy, has been appointed Creditors' Trustee in the above Estate, and he has in writing accepted such appointment.

Dated at Queenstown this 25th day of April, 1879.

J. S. WORTHINGTON,

Clerk of District Court.

A General Meeting of Creditors of the above Estate is hereby summoned for Wednesday, the 16th day of July, 1879, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the District Court-house, Queenstown, to take into consideration an application by the above Debtor for an order of discharge.

F. W. GEISOW,

Trustee.

V.  R.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of "The Debtors and Creditors Act, 1876," and of the Bankruptcy of JOHN BRUCE, of Bannockburn, in the Provincial District of Otago, Miner, a Debtor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the District Court of the Otago Goldfields, holden at Cromwell on **THURSDAY**, the 7th day of August, 1879, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as practicable, by or on behalf of the above-named John Bruce, for an Order of Discharge from all claims and demands provable on his estate, in accordance with section 184 of the above-mentioned Act.

JOHN BRUCE.

V.  R.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of "The Debtors and Creditors Act, 1876," and of the Bankruptcy of THOMAS TAIT, of Kawarau Gorge, in the Provincial District of Otago, Miner, a Debtor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the District Court of the Otago Goldfields, holden at Cromwell on **THURSDAY**, the 7th day of August, 1879, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as practicable, by or on behalf of the above-named Thomas Tait, for an Order of Discharge from all claims and demands provable on his estate, in accordance with section 184 of the above-mentioned Act.

THOMAS TAIT.

L A K E C O U N T Y.

MORVEN FERRY PUNT.

SCALE of TOLLS to be Levied at Morven Ferry Punt from this date until further notice:—

Foot Passengers ...	Free
Every horse ...	Sixpence
Waggons ...	One shilling
Drays ...	Sixpence
Buggy and One horse ...	Two Shillings
And for every extra Horse	Sixpence
Tonnage ...	One Shilling
Pigs (per head) ...	Threepence
Sheep and Cattle as per agreement.	

All Passengers and the Mail Coach are to be crossed Free of Charge.

P. B. BOULT,

Clerk to Council.

C H A L L E N G E !

TO MR GEORGE COCKBURN.

I, Charles M'Kenna, will back my horse Clyde to run Constance (late Wild Rose) one mile or one mile and-a-half, Derby weights, for £20 a side, the race to be run on the Cromwell Racecourse one month from this date.

A deposit of £5 to be made at THE ARGUS Office on or before the 19th inst., and the balance of stakes to be made good on or before the 8th of August.

CHARLES M'KENNA.

Cromwell, July 15th, 1879.

THE AUSTRALIAN LITHOFRAC-
TEUR AND DYNAMITE CO.
(KREBS' PATENT.)

ARTHUR BRISCOE & CO.,

Having accepted the above Company's Agency for New Zealand, direct the attention of Railway and other Contractors, Miners, and Quarrymen to the enormous advantages derived from the use of these STRONGEST EXPLOSIVES MANUFACTURED.

For Mining, Quarrying, Blasting in hard or soft rock, and for Submarine Works (Krebs' Patent being the only manufacture insoluble) it is invaluable.

The SUPERIOR STRENGTH of these COLONIAL EXPLOSIVES has been proved by experts to be 15 to 20 per cent. stronger than any imported Dynamite, while the present price renders it cheaper than blasting powder.

Price—1 case, 2s 9d per lb.

5 „ 2s 6d „

10 „ 2s 3d „

Delivery from magazine payable by purchaser.

ARTHUR BRISCOE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL IRONMONGERS AND
IRON MERCHANTS,
PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.

THURSDAY, 24th JULY,

At 11 a.m. sharp.

SUPERIOR

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
AND EFFECTS.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH
(instructed by Mr Gall, who is leaving the district) will sell, by public auction, on Thursday, 24th July, at 11 a.m. sharp.

The whole of his very superior Furniture, unsurpassed for elegance in the district, consisting of—

Cheffoniers, Sofas, two Bronze Fenders and Fire Irons, Oval Table, Suite in green repp, Carpets (tapestry and Kidderminster), Chests of Drawers, Wardrobe, Child's Cot, Commode, Linen Press, Coalscuttle (parlor), 14-day Black Marble Clock, Books, Lamps, Vases, Ornaments, Dining Table, Silver Breakfast Set, Silver Egg and Cruet Stands and Tray, Dessert and Dinner Knives and Forks, Cut Glass, Charcoal Filter, Double Bed and Bedding, Brass-bound Writing Desk, Towel Horse, &c., &c.

LUNCHEON PROVIDED.

RESERVE YOUR PURCHASES FOR ABOVE SALE.

NO RESERVE.

TERMS CASH.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Auctioneer.

CROMWELL PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Above SCHOOL was RE-OPENED on Monday, 14th instant.

J. A. PRESHAW,

Chairman.

T O M I N E R S.

WANTED, by the Cromwell Quartz-mining Company, Six GOOD WORKMEN.—Apply to the Manager, on the works.

N O T I C E.

FOURPENCE each will be given by the undersigned for the SKINS of Rabbits destroyed on Mt. Pisa and Queensberry Runs upon delivery at the Home Station.

I. LOUGHNAN.

4th July, 1879.

F O R S A L E,

Privately,

The Racing Mare SPINAWAY, six years old; also, MAY QUEEN, stinted to Architect; and one Three-year-old by Architect—dam May Queen.

For particulars, apply to

C. M'KENNA,

Cromwell.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CROMWELL.

The Rev. J. LOTHIAN will (D.V.) hold DIVINE SERVICES at Cromwell on **SABATH NEXT**, 20th instant, at 11.30 a.m. and 7 o'clock in the Evening.

He will also conduct Service at the Bannockburn School-house at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon.

L A N D A C T, 1877.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have made Application to the District Land Officer for the purchase of 2 acres of Land, bounded east by Albert Town, north by road Albert Town to Pembroke, south by Cardrona River, and west by line parallel with north line. The same will be dealt with on Friday, 1st August, at Cromwell.

HENRY NORMAN,

Per Chas. Colclough, Agent for Applicant.

CROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

Subscribers of £1 per annum and upwards are reminded that, while good on the books, they are entitled to enter the Institution as Paying Patients for 25s per week; while Non-subscribers are charged 40s weekly. In all cases admission tickets are required.

By order,

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Secretary.

PERSEVERANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a CALL of ONE SHILLING per Share in the above Company has been made this day, and the same will be due and payable at the Office of the Company on or before the second Wednesday in August, prox.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Manager.

July 9th, 1879.

CARRICK RANGE WATER-SUPPLY CO. (REGISTERED).

A SPECIAL MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Office of Robert Wilson and Co., Bond-street, Dunedin, on **WEDNESDAY**, 23rd July, at 4 p.m.

Business: To consider proposals to be laid before the Government.

JAS. MARSHALL,

Manager.

THE LATE CONCERT.

The Kawarau Gorge School Committee desires to return their most sincere thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen who so kindly gave their assistance at the Concert on the 4th July in aid of the school funds. They also desire to thank Mrs Watson and Mr McGregor for their valuable assistance during the dance (later part of the evening); also, Mr Jeffery for the very efficient manner in which he conducted the evening's entertainment.

R. BELL, Hon. Sec.

POSTAL NOTICE.

The next Suez mail will close here on Monday, 28th inst., at noon.

W. WARD, Postmaster.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1879.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DUNEDIN, July 15, 11.5 a.m.

The result of the city election is—Stewart, 726; Reeves, 563; Grant, 31.

Thomson, member for Clutha, has joined the Ministry with the portfolio for Lands. He will be sworn to-day.

The case against the Reids, of slygrog-selling notoriety, has been dismissed, the defendants having left the district.

At Invercargill, Patrick M'Menamin has been committed for trial for arson, his brother being discharged.

At Oamaru the special jury case of "Solomon v. the South British Insurance Co." was settled out of Court, defendants paying £750, and referring the balance to arbitration.

Orange demonstrations in various parts of the colony passed off quietly.

Terrible accounts of fearful weather in the Mackenzie country have reached town. Many persons have undergone fearful sufferings, and narrowly escaped with their lives; some are more or less frostbitten. Large numbers of sheep are reported to be lost in the snow.

POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE.

WELLINGTON, July 15.

The Governor's speech shadows forth the following measures:—Triennial Parliament Bill; Bill to amend qualification of members of House; Bill to amend representation by securing manhood suffrage on residential qualifications to Europeans, and to give franchise to Maoris enrolled on ratepayers' roll or who hold individual grants from Crown for lands of a certain value; Bill to remove present monopoly in dealing with Native lands by giving everyone an opportunity of competing for sales or leases. It is under consideration to apply the same principle to all Native lands that remain unsurveyed or the titles to which have not been investigated.

The excess of revenue over the Estimates is £190,000, but an immense falling off in the land revenue renders fresh taxation necessary. To meet this difficulty, an income tax is to be imposed.

The Government propose a six million loan.

The Government whips admit that parties are equally divided. 42 attended the Opposition caucus.

A constitutional party to oppose the Government is being formed. It has been decided to elect a leader of the Opposition to-day. It is understood that overtures have been made to Sir W. Fox to lead the Opposition, and that he has partly consented. Bryce will be the Government nominee for the Chairmanship of Committees.

The Times says that only 22 attended the Opposition caucus yesterday. Whittaker declined the leadership, and also said he could not join any new Government.

The Government has found it hopeless to propose Bunny as Chairman of Committees.

The financial statement will be delivered in a fortnight.

It is reported the Government will ask the House to pass a temporary loan bill for half-a-million through all its stages on Wednesday, so that instructions to raise the money may be transmitted by the out-going mail.

LATEST BY CABLE.

SYDNEY, July 12.

Arrived: Steamer Killarney with her usual early shipment of new season's teas from China.

H.M.S. Dane, 12-gun corvette, on inspection proved her plating to be very rotten and she is ordered into dock for repairs.

MELBOURNE, July 14.

It is expected the Government will introduce a reform bill on the 22nd inst., and the budget on 24th.

The Cromwell School was re-opened yesterday by the new teachers, Mr and Mrs Mahoney, who arrived the latter part of last week.

The Rev. Mr Lothian, Presbyterian clergyman at Alexandra, is announced to hold morning and evening services at Cromwell on Sunday first, and at Bannockburn in the afternoon.

The severe and variable weather of the past few weeks has caused a good deal of mild sickness throughout the district, chiefly of a bronchial character. There are some half-dozen patients in the hospital, and our local medicos have their hands pretty full.

Parliament was opened by Commission on Friday at two o'clock. Business so far has been of a formal nature. Sir William Fitzherbert assumed the Speakership of the Legislative Council, and Mr G. M. O'Rourke was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Governor's speech was made to-day.

The result of the last monthly crushing of the Cromwell Co. at Benlago was lodged in the Colonial Bank here on Friday, in the shape of a cake of gold weighing 624ozs. 61wts., from 480 tons of stone. The battery is at present being worked wholly by steam power, there not being sufficient water available to drive the turbine. In other respects the mine is most satisfactory, and shareholders may look forward to further dividends.

The Cromwell Q. M. Co. has declared a dividend of two shillings, made at the meeting of directors last week.

We are informed that the bridge over the Nevis River at the Crossing is completed and available for traffic. Grant and MacKellar were the contractors.

Mr Sheehan will manage the House business during the present session of Parliament. Mr J. C. Brown and Mr George will again be the Government whips this year.

We have received the first number of the *New Zealand Magazine*, a musical monthly journal containing an excellent selection of songs, &c. The work is lithographed by Mr Thomas George of Dunedin in an excellent manner, and published by Mr G. R. West. We commend the publication to the notice of our musical friends.

We have received a letter from "A Ratepayer" touching on the subject of the site for a bridge connecting the east and west sides of the Clutha Valley. As our correspondent has neglected to comply with the usual rule of giving his name and address, his letter cannot be published. The writer's name is not required for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. On this being attended to, "A Ratepayer's" letter will be inserted.

The Arrow Hospital Committee are, it is rumored, about to be sued for damages, at the suit of Mr C. Dunphy, one of the Queens-town contractors who tendered for the erection of the intended Hospital building. It appears that Mr Dunphy's tender was nearly £60 lower than that of Mr Letcher—the successful competitor—the amounts being £580 5s and £640, and the former now sues for damages for the trouble he was put to in preparing tenders, &c.

The following summary of news is to hand by the incoming Suez mail, per Siam, reported at Albany, July 10th:—The reign of terror in Russia still continues. Numerous incendiary fires are reported, and numerous arrests of Nihilists of both sexes have taken place. A plot has been discovered to destroy several large cities by fire.—The eruption of Mount Etna continues. Several villages have been overflowed by lava, but no loss of life is reported.—Burmese news is reassuring. Reports of the hostile attitude of the King are groundless.—A dreadful famine is raging at Cashmere.—The movements of the Dacoits in Bombay have collapsed.—Yakoob Khan has returned to Cabul. Colonel Cavanagari has been appointed British Resident at Cabul.

Friday last found Cromwell and the surrounding country clothed in a spotless garb of snow, a heavy and continuous fall having come down during the night. It lay some two inches deep in the town, and throughout the day afforded huge delight to some score of boys, who indulged in snowballing to their hearts' content and the no small mortification of those whom the band assailed. Some of the steady elder "boys," too, felt young again and had a "go in" occasionally. Woe betide any poor Chinaman who had occasion to pass down the street that day—he was pelted most persistently, and not in every case did "John" preserve his usual stolid demeanour under the infliction of the happy lads. However, no harm resulted, and to the regret of the youngsters the snow has passed away.

We have been placed in possession of a piece of news that should be welcome to the rising generation of Clyde and Cromwell. It is to the effect that a grand trial of strength between two teams of juvenile cricketers, under 15 years of age, is being arranged to come off in about seven weeks from now. The match to be played at Cromwell, and a handsome silver cup, suitably inscribed, is to be presented to the lad who makes the highest score in the match. In the evening it is proposed to have an entertainment specially suited to the youngsters, after which the "old folks" will be afforded opportunity to enjoy themselves. Further particulars we cannot give at present, but would strongly advise "our boys" to go in for steady practice at the wickets as soon as the weather will allow, as it would never do for the trophy to go to Clyde to the reproach of Cromwell's budding manhood.

In the course of his address to his constituents at Balclutha last week, Mr Thomson, M.H.R., very sensibly remarked that a great deal had been said by the present Premier in regard to what was termed "a free breakfast table." It was intended, no doubt, and properly intended, that the working men should have the necessities of life at as low a rate as possible. The duty on sugar was reduced a half-penny per pound, and twopenny per pound off tea. The total amount thus lost to the revenue was £100,000 a year. He would ask the working men present whether since the reduction was made had they paid less for tea and sugar than previously? The result had been the loss to the revenue of the sum he had stated, but without accomplishing the object which the Legislature had in view. The question was, where had the revenue gone? It must have gone to the merchant or retail dealer. At all events, the working men had not got the benefit of it. It seemed to him that it had been £100,000 put into the pockets of a few people, and without the working men deriving any benefit.

A coroner's inquest held at Dunedin on Wednesday last upon Charles Mackay, who committed suicide by taking a dose of laudanum, revealed the fact that deceased was a new arrival in the colony, having come out to Port Chalmers as a saloon passenger in the ship Otago, which arrived some three weeks ago. He had been a member of the firm of Mackay and Cunningham, jewellers of Edinburgh, who, through the City of Glasgow Bank failure, became bankrupt for an amount of £68,000. Deceased had then been advised by his friends to try New Zealand, and they had promised to do something for him if he behaved properly here. Since his arrival he had been drinking very heavily until about a week ago. By the San Francisco mail he appears to have received letters conveying the intelligence that his wife had obtained a divorce from him, and although he had expected such a thing, yet the realisation of the fact seems to have caused him deep trouble, and no doubt immediately led to his having recourse to poison.

The Education Board have at present (according to a Dunedin contemporary) under contract in Dunedin and Kensington three new schools, the erection of which will cost about £16,500. No wonder that to every appeal from the country a deaf ear is turned, as the Board is short of funds!

The volunteer demonstration at Invercargill last Easter was a great success financially. On finally squaring up accounts the Management Committee found itself burdened with a surplus of £250, of which the lion's share went deservedly to the Invercargill band, £70 to the local drill-shed fund, and the balance was distributed amongst the local charities. Bravo, Southland!

We have received Part IV. of the Census Returns of the Colony, which deals with the conjugal condition, birthplaces and religions of the people. Turning to Vincent County, under the latter head we find that Episcopalians number 870, Presbyterians, 835, and Roman Catholics, 512. Methodists number 107, and "other Protestants," 94. Eleven are returned as of no denomination, two as of "no religion," while four are unspecified, and 38 object to state their religion. Pagans are returned as 517.

The returns of the Otago Education Board for the quarter ended June 30th, which have just been compiled, show that there were 145 schools open, employing 207 male and 141 female teachers, beside eight teachers of sewing. The number of children on the roll at the beginning of the quarter was 16,095, and at the end of the quarter 16,979, composed of 8,789 boys and 8,190 girls. The average attendance for the quarter was 7,132 boys and 6,507 girls, making a total of 13,639. Five new schools were opened during the quarter.

A remarkable case is telegraphed from Auckland. A man named Austin died suddenly last Monday, and an inquest was held, when it was recorded that death resulted from heart disease. Austin, however, has not been buried, owing to the remarkable appearance of the body. His cheeks assumed a red tinge, his joints are still supple, and he looks as well as ever he did. There is no smell in the room, nor sign of decomposition in the body. He was possessed of a strange presentiment that his end would be sudden and short, and he enjoined his wife to bleed him immediately that death appeared to be approaching. The last commission has not been carried out, possibly in consequence of the antipathy which many people have to touching dead bodies.

At last week's meeting of the Waste Lands Board plans of blocks II., IV., V. and VI., Leaning Rock, X. and XI., Poolburn district, and II., Lower Wanaka district, were submitted for approval of the Board.—Plan of Lower Wanaka was approved, and Government recommended to set aside land in same for agricultural leasing.—Several settlers near Clyde wrote stating that the land under survey at Earnscleugh, Run No. 349, was not the same as that selected by Messrs Clark and Green. No action was taken.—The chairman of Vincent County Council drew attention to the delay that was taking place in opening for settlement the blocks of land at Idaburn and Moutere recently surveyed, and urged prompt action in the matter. The letter was simply read.

A chess congress will be opened at Christchurch on 19th proximo, open to all the players in the colony, to contest for the championship. The first, second and third prizes are £50, £20 and £10 respectively. Reviewing the merits of the probable Otago players, the *Daily Times* refers in the following terms to the Rev. T. E. Ash, of Clyde, who is known to be a first-class player:—"He took part on the Dunedin side in the telegraphic match with Auckland, and polished off his man in the most artistic manner possible. He is a fine match-player, possessing great patience and infinite resource. He has a very fine memory, and can play without sight of the board. He is very fond of the game, but of late has not had many opportunities of practice with players of his own strength. He took a leading part in chess circles while attending the Cambridge University. We sincerely hope he will be one of the Otago representatives."

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

(From the Daily Times.)

WELLINGTON, July 11.

The opening ceremonies were very brief to-day.

The Council did not seem to look kindly at Sir William Fitzherbert as he stood at the table while the Clerk read his commission, after which he took his seat.

In the House of Representatives, the speeches made regarding the Speakership were brief.

The Speaker elect will be presented to the Governor to-morrow.

There is going to be a great fight for the Chairmanship of Committees between Mr Bunny, as Ministerial candidate, and Mr Seymour, as Opposition. It seems doubtful which way the majority of Otago members are going. Rumor has it that several who have hitherto been Government supporters are wavering.

No direct overtures have yet been made to any of them about joining the Ministry. Mr J. W. Thomson would be the most popular choice amongst them.

July 12.

Parties are evidently very unsettled, and things generally are in a most mixed condition. A great many hitherto Government supporters complain that the Ministry shows no disposition to consult them or take them into their confidence. They say they know nothing of its instructions, and the Opposition are making overtures in all directions.

A number of influential supporters have to-day urged Ministers to call the party together on Monday, and come to some understanding.

Although nothing is settled on the subject, it is becoming evident that Mr Bunny's appointment as Chairman of Committees will not be accepted by the House, and it is probable, therefore, that the Government will drop him. Mr Bryce and Mr Thomson are mentioned as candidates, and it is by no means improbable that the former will be brought forward for the post, and that Mr Thomson will get the seat in the Cabinet.

THE CARRICK WATER RACE.

In accordance with terms of advertisement, a public meeting of miners at Bannockburn was held in the school-house there on Wednesday evening last, for the purpose of considering what steps should be taken to make the race available for a supply of water during the coming spring season. Mr W. Bennett was voted to the chair, and in introducing the subject to be dealt with spoke of the evil consequences suffered by the residents of Bannockburn and the district generally by the present useless condition of the chief channel for water supply.

Mr James Marshall, legal manager of the Carrick Race Co., entered at some length into the position as between the Government and the shareholders, and detailed what action had been taken towards getting the Government to assist further in opening the race.

A number of others present spoke on the subject—all being unanimous in the opinion that some immediate action should be decided upon. It was said that in case the Government declined to move further in the matter, there would be little difficulty in getting the labor necessary to put the race in working order, and the men would be willing to take the value of their work in water, if it were sold at say about £6 per head per week.

It was resolved that a memorial be addressed to Government urging something being done at once. A draft of the petition is appended. It was signed by every man in the room, and after further signature will be forwarded to the hon. Minister of Public Works:—

To the Honorable the Minister for Public Works, Wellington.

SIR,—We, the undersigned miners of the Bannockburn district, respectfully ask that the Government will take steps to get the Carrick Race put into repair so as to bring in a supply of water by the spring. To do this it will be necessary to commence the work in about a month. From the nature of the workings here (it being all sluicing ground) nothing can be done without a good supply of water, and the only available source from which it can be obtained is the Carrick Race. A large area of ground has been proved and found to be remunerative, with water at a reasonable price. The Carrick Race Co. has been appealed to repeatedly to get the repairs done, but the Directors state that the Company has no means at its disposal, and owing to arrangements with the Government they are powerless in the matter. As to the arrangements existing between the Company and the Government we know nothing, but in the meanwhile the district is suffering most severely. Numbers of claims are protected and the owners are getting a subsistence as best they can, in hopes that something may be done. Should water not be obtainable next season, numbers of miners who are now comfortably settled down will be compelled to leave and throw up all they have. In fact the district will be almost depopulated. Again respectfully urging this matter on the serious attention of the Government.—We have the honor to be, &c., &c.

CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

The annual meeting of members of the Cromwell Jockey Club took place at Heron's White Hart Hotel last evening. A dozen gentlemen were present, all town residents, the inclemency of the weather no doubt preventing members living at a distance from being present. In the absence of Mr Preshaw, the President, through indisposition, the vice-President (Mr Dawkins) occupied the chair.

Minutes of special meetings held in July and August of last year were read and confirmed.

Mr Dignan, treasurer to the Club, then placed before the meeting a statement of finances for the year just closed. At the end of last financial year, there was an indebtedness of over £30. This had been cleared off, and there was now in hand a balance of £1 8s; with arrears of good members' subscriptions of £9 9s. The only liability due by the Club was a sum of £6 10s, so that they would commence the current year on the right side of the ledger. The receipts from all sources during the year were £366, of which £150 had been collected, the balance accruing from sale of privileges, entries, members fees, &c. At the annual meeting £270 was paid in stakes, and the current expenses and arrears from previous year absorbed the balance.

The report was adopted, and some congratulatory remarks offered on the improved financial prospects of the Club, and the success attending last year's operations.

On the motion of Dr Stapcoole, seconded by Mr McKenna, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded the retiring Committee for their valuable and efficient services during the past year.

A similar compliment was paid the collectors, Messrs Sherwood and Brown for their highly successful endeavors on behalf of the Club.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of a committee for the current year, when the following gentlemen were elected:—Messrs Preshaw, Dignan, Longman, Jolly, Dawkins, MacKellar, Brown (S. N.), Cowan, Stapcoole, Stewart, McKenna and Sherwood.

This concluded the business of the subscribers' meeting and the Committee met.

The election of office-bearers resulted in the re-election of Messrs Preshaw, Dawkins and Dignan to the offices of President, Vice-President and Treasurer, respectively. Mr Geo. Jenour was re-appointed secretary, and Messrs Preshaw, Dawkins and Jolly trustees of club property.

Mr Dalglisch proposed two new members of the Club—Mr A. F. Blood and Mr Little, and these gentlemen were elected.

Messrs Colclough and Blood were appointed auditors.

After some little discussion as to the desirability of having a Spring Race meeting this year—the majority of the members seeming to think it would be too great a strain on the district, and militate to some extent against the success of the summer meeting—it was resolved that no Spring Races be held this year.

This concluded the business to be dealt with, and the meeting closed.

VINCENT COUNTY COUNCIL.

By the courtesy of the County Clerk we are enabled to publish copy of the Order Paper of business to be transacted at the meeting of County Council to be held at Clyde on Wednesday, 23rd instant:—

ADJOURNED MOTIONS.

Cr Greenbank to move: That the petition of Thomas Spain and others from Matakanni be taken into consideration, with the view of comparing the cost of road works done by contract.

Cr Fraser to move: That it is desirable that all works constructed by the Council be let by tender when practicable.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Cr Naylor to move: That tenders be forthwith called for the erection of the Clyde bridge.

Cr Greenbank to move: That a sum of money, being not less than one-half of the amount to be received by this Council from the sale of land within the County, be expended in opening up roads to such lands immediately on the sale thereof.

Cr Greenbank to move: That £30 be voted for bye-roads about Tinkers and Drybread.

Cr Greenbank to move: That £50 be voted for main road to Devonshire Gully.

Cr Greenbank to move: That £1400 be voted for roads in Spottis Hundred, completing first the road east side of sections 26 to 36, and road east of sections 37, 38 and 39.

Cr McGinnis to move: That, after contracts are signed by successful tenderers, the names of all the tenderers, with their amounts, be published once in the two local papers.

Cr McGinnis to move: That, owing to the price of deferred payment land having been raised to £3 per acre, it is, and has been, a bar to the settlement of people on the land, and this Council recommend to the Government the desirability of at once reducing the price of deferred payment land to its original cost, viz., 30s per acre.

Cr Colclough to move: That there be laid on the table at each regular meeting of the Council a tabulated statement of all cheques issued against the County account, showing date of issue, to whom issued, under what vote of the Council, and whether under contract or otherwise.

Cr Colclough to move: That six months notice be given to the Bank of New Zealand to terminate the existing agreement, and the County account be again offered by tender.

Cr Jolly to move: That as, owing to the severity of the weather, a number of men have been thrown out of employment, the Engineer be instructed to lay off two sections of the road Benligo to Quartz-reef Point, the same to be completed by day labor.

Cr Jolly to move: That plans and specifications be prepared, and tenders called, for the erection of a traffic bridge over the Clutha river, at a site finally to be fixed by the Engineer, and the Committee appointed to report upon same.

SCHEDULE OF VOTES REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER FOR MONTHS AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER.

Clyde to Cromwell, £200.
Town of Clyde, £100.
Track, east side of the Hawea, £120.
Cromwell to Wanaka, £200.
Cromwell to Kirtleburn, £100.
Albert Town to head of Lake Wanaka, £300.

NATIVE NEWS.

WELLINGTON, July 10.

Twenty-nine Maoris were brought down by the Patea this morning, making a total of 99. Of the number inspected by Mr James Mackay yesterday, 36 were on our side in previous troubles, and only 26 were rebels.

The Maori prisoners who came down to-day are a much more turbulent lot than those previously brought here. The principal man among them is Whakawira. He to-day refused to sweep out the room, or allow any of his people to do so. As he was insolent, he was ordered off to the guard-room by Mr Mackay, who was present. The Natives who remained still refused to obey orders, and raised a cry, "Down with the Pakeha!" when Mr Mackay sent for a guard, who came in with fixed bayonets and marched the whole off to the cells. Whakawira is confined by himself, and will be brought before the Visiting Justices to-morrow. The whole lot will be strictly dealt with in future.

July 12.

Mr James Mackay will proceed to the West Coast early next week.

The Maori prisoners have all been thoroughly tubbed, and clothed in corluroys and blue shirts. They seem more comfortable and look more respectable than ever they did before.

The 29 mutineers are calming down.

NEW PLYMOUTH, July 10.

Te Hana has called a meeting of Natives to be held at Mongonui, at which the conduct of Te Whiti is to be discussed and the opinion of the Natives taken as to whether they will go and fetch Te Whiti and Taha and bring them in as prisoners to hand them over to the Government.

July 12.

The wives and relatives of some of the prisoners reached Ball Bluck last night, on their way to Parihaka to have an understanding with the prophet. They are worked up to a state of great earnestness, and say they will not be put off with vague Scriptural allusions or quotations. They will demand something definite regarding the deliverance of the prisoners at Wellington.

Te Whiti's sister, Hine Kine, who was married to Mewaku, is dead.

Seventeen more Maori ploughmen have been arrested.

CROMWELL HOSPITAL.

The quarterly meeting of subscribers to above institution took place on Thursday evening, 10th instant. Present—Messrs Dawkins, Scott, Gudgeon, Behrens, MacKellar, McKenna, Pretsch, Marshall and Murrell.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The Treasurer (Mr Gudgeon) read a statement showing the financial position of the Hospital up to end of quarter. During the quarter, £48 16s 4d had been received as subscriptions and donations, and £8 10s on account of paying patients. The balance in hand at beginning of quarter was £197 8s 1d, which, with subsidy from Government of £670 2s 6d, brought the total receipts to £924 16s 11d. The expenditure was as follows:—Salaries (Surgeon and Wardsman, six months, and Secretary, three months), £182 2s 10d; rations, £35 15s 3d; repairs and furniture, £14 4s 11d; medicine and medical comforts, £30 1s 9d; bedding and clothing, £5 5s; coal and incidental expenses, £10 10s 6d. Total, £278 0s 3d, leaving a balance at credit of £646 16s 8d. Add to this £48 16s 4d, subsidy due for current quarter, brought the assets to £695 13s. Outstanding liabilities, £32 8s 3d.

The report was received.

The secretary laid before the meeting a list of persons who had been patients in the Hospital on terms of payment, but who had failed to pay the amounts due by them. The list footed up a sum of £183 5s.

The question of improving the road between Cromwell and the Hospital—rendered in a bad state by reason of water-races intersecting it—was discussed, and the Committee recommended to consider what had best be done in the matter.

The quarterly meeting then closed, and the Committee met, Mr Dawkins (President) in the chair.

Correspondence inward and outward having been read, received and approved, the Surgeon's monthly report was submitted, and some recommendations therein adopted.

The matter of providing some further furniture for the Hospital and improving the heating of the Wards, was referred to the Visiting Committee.

Ordered, That a progress payment of £15 be made to A. Y. Johnston on account of fencing contract, and £50 to Grant and MacKellar on account of fencing material.

This concluded the business, and the meeting closed.

ARROWTOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 14.

The completion of the protective works, consisting of a dam built of fascines strongly pinned together by stakes so as to form one solid wall, will relieve property-holders on the north side of Buckingham-street of a great deal of anxiety, though, until the strength and dimensions of the dam have stood the onslaught of a spring flood, it cannot be said that the Arrow River has been successfully dammed. However, as it is, the contractors deserve praise for their close adherence to the specifications and turning out so creditable a piece of work.

Messrs Bennet and Campbell, those generous gentlemen who are travelling for the benefit of their health and enjoyment, and who, on a tour through this County, gave away silver watches and suits of clothes for a shilling, were had up before our worthy "beak" last Tuesday and fined £5 10s, in exemplification of how being too good may lead to lewdness and all manner of undesirable things.

And so, in spite of indignation meeting and deputation, the Morven Punt question is still the same as it was—not free yet. It cannot be said that the deputation presented to the minds of the County Councillors the "instant" necessity of throwing open the punt free of charge in a very forcible light. What the Council did it did independent of the meeting and the deputation, and it would almost appear that the agitators in this matter considered their indignation and monstrous injustice at an end by having moved the Council to make Mr Owens a handsome offer, a free punt being altogether a secondary consideration. Whether this and adjoining ridings are to continue to suffer the "monstrous injustices" or whether the agitators, now that Mr Owens has got his price, swallow the indignation, remains to be seen. Perhaps the clever editor of the *Arrow Observer* may hit upon a way out of the difficulty; at any rate, he would have acted wiser by not hollowing till out of the wood.

Several heavy consignments of Scotch firs and other hardy forest trees lately passed through Arrowtown en route for the plantation reserve at Cardrona. It is somewhat surprising that the example of Mr R. McDougall, the member for the Cardrona riding, has not been more extensively followed in other ridings quite as destitute of timber as the Cardrona and where that article is of infinitely more value. As far as I am aware, this is the first attempt to relieve the nakedness of the country that has yet been made by local bodies, though it is one of paramount importance.

The contract for the erection of the Arrow District Hospital has been let to one of our ancient identities, Mr John Letcher, for the sum of £640, the committee, in considering the tenders and tenderers, preferring a local man, though at a slight advance above the lowest tender sent in. It is likely that by Christmas next the Arrowites will be in

the possession of a hospital of their own, but whether this will be an inducement to them to break their limbs and injure their healths to a greater extent than heretofore remains to be seen. Yet something of the kind they will have to do to demonstrate the necessity of such an institution in our midst. At the last meeting of the County Council the matter was pretty fully discussed, and a subsidy refused by the Council, during which discussion Dr Douglas, of the Frankton Hospital, stated that the number of patients in the hospital that has served the needs of the district for the past 16 years did not average more than say five for the last two years. This contrasts strangely with what is taking place in your County, where it has just been discovered that it is not necessary to maintain two institutions to attend to the wants of such a number of patients.

Our Volunteer Ball, which has been fixed for the 25th instant, promises to become a grand success, and as your local braves are ardent admirers of the fair, they might do worse than patronise our coming festivities, if it were only for the object of instituting comparisons. The Saturday following the Ball has been fixed upon for the concert, which is expected, and justly so, to eclipse anything that has ever taken place in these latitudes.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JULY 11.

(Before Major Keddell, R.M.)

Police v. A. W. Campbell—Information charging defendant with being beneficially interested in a lottery scheme, contrary to law. Withdrawn, by consent.

Police v. W. Cameron—Breach of Licensing Act, in permitting spirituous liquors to be sold on his behalf on his premises at Bendigo, on the 21st June, not being duly licensed so to do. The information was laid by Constable Bridgman. Mr Blood for defendant.

William H. Grenville, a miner residing at Bendigo, gave evidence that on 21st June he, in company with two others, went into the premises kept by defendant at Bendigo as a boarding-house, and called for drinks, witness asking for brandy, the others for peppermint. The drinks as asked for were supplied by a girl in defendant's employ, named Mary Smith, who received the money in payment thereof. Witness drank the liquor supplied to him, and swore it was brandy. These were the only drinks they had on that occasion.

In cross-examination by Mr Blood, Grenville said he had given information to the police. Witness and accused were neighbors, but were not very fond of each other. Recently they had had words about defendant's pigs trespassing on witness' property, and witness threatened action unless payment of £5 was made for damages. Witness confessed that he went in for the drinks on 21st ult. with the object of giving information to the police.

Thomas Stevens, a miner, was called, having been about the bar when the drink was supplied, but he deposed that he had neither seen the drink supplied nor money paid for it.

Mary Ann Smith, in the employ of defendant as domestic servant, deposed that on evening of 21st June she was occupied in various capacities about the house, and recollected seeing Grenville about the place. She remembered supplying Grenville and two others with drinks. Grenville called for brandy which she supplied to him. Cameron was not at home, being at a meeting at the school-house. In selling the drinks, witness was acting on Cameron's behalf. Grenville paid for the drinks with a silver coin, which witness put in her pocket, giving Grenville 6d change. Gave the money to Cameron when he came home.

Edwin Matthews deposed that he was in Cameron's place on evening of 21st ult., when Grenville asked him to have a drink. Had peppermint, but did not know what Grenville had, or whether he paid any money. Cameron was not present at the time, but came in afterwards. There were ten or fifteen men in the place, and it was possible for Grenville to pay for the drinks without witness noticing him.

For the defence, William Cameron, sworn, deposed that he had held a business license at Bendigo for the past six years, and kept a boarding-house. Was seldom without boarders. On the evening of 21st June, there might have been from twelve to fifteen persons in his house. Was at home until half-past six that evening, when he went to attend a school committee meeting, which lasted till about eleven o'clock. When he came home he saw Grenville in his billiard-room, who presented him with a letter. (The letter was demanding £5 damages for injury caused by defendant's pigs). Refused to pay the amount demanded, when Grenville got excited and said, "I'll do my worst by you," and walked out. Did not see any signs of alcoholic liquor about, and no one was drunk. Were very busy that night, for domestic reasons. All the people were in the billiard-room, and knew nothing of alleged offence until witness was summoned. Mary Ann Smith acted as a general servant, and had never had any permission from witness to sell spirituous liquors. Believed that Grenville had informed the police in accordance with his threat to witness. Had never before been charged with a similar offence, and did not allow alcoholic liquors to be sold in his house. The bottles arranged at back of counter contained cordials and Ferand's bitters. There was no alcoholic liquor in the bar.

Mr Blood, on behalf of accused, addressed the Court in an able manner; but the Bench considered that the evidence was of such a conclusive nature that a conviction must follow. As it was the first offence, a fine of £10 would be inflicted, with £2 16s cost and expenses. The fine was at once paid.

A few friends and well-wishers of Mr E. Bothamley, accountant in the Bank of New Zealand, Palmerston (and late of Cromwell) met that gentleman last week at the Empire Hotel, and presented him with a gold locket and signet ring, on his departure from the district for Dunedin.

Original Correspondence.

[We do not identify ourselves with the opinion expressed by correspondents.]

THE POLICE VINDICATED.

To the Editor of THE CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Kindly allow me space enough in your independent paper to reply to the very ungrateful and dastardly attack made by the proprietor of the *Wakatip Mail* on our most indefatigable police-officer, Sergeant Morton. The *Wakatip Mail* states—"The police do not seem to have any regard for protecting the remains of the late fire." What a perversion of truth! The police were among the first persons at the conflagration, and not only did their duty in an official way, but also worked like men, rendering invaluable assistance in saving Eichardt's stable and the cottage adjoining the printing-office. I am sure the public of Queenstown will concur with me in stating that too much praise cannot be given to the police for the praiseworthy manner in which they acted at the late fire. It goes on thus—"And larrikins seem to wander around and pilfer what little is left without let or hindrance." All that was left were two big presses and a stone chimney. Nothing would give me greater pleasure than seeing a larrikin running away with either of these articles, without let or hindrance. It further states—"One would think our worthy sergeant's idea of a hobby's duty is to take care of drunken men, and look after thieves only when called upon." I think it is very unprincipled for any person to attempt to dictate duty to our worthy sergeant. It is merely exposing his ignorance, as Mr Morton has been some 20 years in New Zealand and Victorian service, and I am quite sure he would not be placed in it if he was incapable of filling it. In conclusion, I may state I was present at the fire, and everybody (both police and civilians) used his utmost endeavors to save property; and when the public of Queenstown wish to pry into Sergeant Morton's duty they will not go to any newspaper proprietor or lawyer. Trusting no more of those unfounded statements will appear in our local paper, I beg to subscribe myself,
BUCKET OF WATER.

Queenstown, July 7th.

THE WEST COAST RAILWAY.

[BY SWAGMAN, ALBERT TOWN.]

If a railway were constructed from Jackson's Bay to Albert Town it would be a great boon indeed, and would confer lasting benefits on the public in and for many miles around this locality, it being the nearest port of call. The harbor is not perfect, but could be rendered so at a comparatively small cost, and, as far as my poor judgment goes, I should say the winds from north to east would sweep right into or along its shores, but it is well sheltered from all other quarters. It is a roadstead almost enclosed by two-thirds of a circle. But, before this work is undertaken, count well the cost and be careful about burning your fingers; take not too much heed of the blowing of engineers, for, like a good many more of us, they may be glad of employment. You are not obliged to take all the talk of our representatives for granted, as witness the failure of Jackson's Bay settlement. As for a railway from Hokitika to Jackson's Bay, the very conception of such an idea is Quixotic, and I will ask you, Mr Editor, do you think any of our leading men are merging into a state of idiocy? But I will only speak of places where I have worked or scenes of which I have been an eye-witness. Travel in a northerly direction from the Haast for a few miles, and you will behold mighty spurs running down from the mountains, forming precipitous bluffs at the sea coast. These are intersected by numerous creeks, raging torrents, mighty rivers, and even lakes and swamps. Then follow the cut track towards Okarita, and the most skillful engineers—aye, the boldest railway speculator—will pause and view with wonder the vast and stupendous engineering difficulties that like a panorama are presented to their view. This locality is heavily timbered. Now I will transport my readers to Hokitika and travel southward for a few miles. Here there are vast forests of truly majestic timber running for many miles along the coast, and what is the value of it? When I was in Hokitika I believe they sold timber delivered at the wharf at 8s per hundred feet. And as for land—I will describe it. I saw miles of the surface stripped to form a track over immense flats of stone and gravel, the former beds of rivers. Yellow clay pervades the surface; and if you find a small patch up a river, you have to clear it and convey your produce to a market, when you have found one. You have also to make a road down to the main track, and as for there being a vast extent of aridiferous country, it is not possible, for there is scarcely a river or creek but what the hardy pioneer diggers of Westland have prospected. If the Government is determined to make this railway, I would recommend the advisability of negotiating another loan of at least £3,000,000: one half to accomplish this work and the other to keep it in repair. I premise the bridges over these rivers would be chiefly pile structures, there being not any building stone in some places, and the vast shingle beds being too wide to span by suspension structures. As regards these pile structures, I say they cannot stand; it is not impossible to erect them, but it is impossible to confine these turbulent raging torrents in a direct course beneath them; for in the gorges of these large rivers the water has been known to rise nearly 50ft perpendicular in one night, bursting and inundating the country, ever shifting their course and carrying away large strips of forest country. Immense snags and mighty trees would come whirling and toppling down, smash on the bridge. I will now show you proofs of my assertions. Soon after the rush to the Coast I worked in the

Otira gorge, on the Christchurch road, and while there three bridges were erected. Some time afterwards another expensive one spanned the Taipo river. Some years after I had occasion to again travel this route. Descending into the gorge, the first bridge had but one pile remaining, with a bolt through the head of it. Bridge No. 2 was covered 15ft deep with shingle and boulders, and bridge No. 3 was high and dry under a bluff, the water running under the opposite one. When I came to the Taipo, there was but one-third of this magnificent structure remaining, with huge boulders lying on the planking, and the river running nearly half-a-mile away. Three of these were pile structures. The people of Canterbury and Otago have a loud voice in this matter as well as Westland, and I beseech them to pause, and endeavor to concentrate their thoughts and visions into one focus and try to anticipate the results before they undertake works of such magnitude, for in my humble opinion it will come to grief. Look at the hundreds of thousands of pounds that were spent on the Christchurch and Hokitika road and other works which are comparatively useless. If the Government can throw away so many thousands on and in those fathomless bogs across the range, we would feel extremely obliged if they would pass a little this way, for we have much need of a few spare thousands in this locality, where there is a vast quantity of agricultural land, and interests of a threefold nature at stake, viz., mining, pastoral, and agricultural. Vote a few thousands for the use of this energetic mining community, to take a tail-race or sludge channel up the Cardrona river where practical miners firmly believe there is gold untold.

Let the traveller now take a tour with me around Lakes Hawea and Wanaka, taking Albert Town for a starting-point. We travel up the east side of the Hawea until we reach Rocky Point; be careful to lead your horse around here for there is but a brief space between you and eternity. If you have an iron nerve I will let you look over into the depths, but if you are an imbibor of whisky you had better forbear. Descending, you cross a structure or two, termed bridges; you now make for Mr Fraser's station, where you can rest and smoke, and meditate on the dangers of rounding Rocky Point. You can now travel round the head of the Lake to the river Hunter, and mind where you ford for there are bad swamps and dangerous quicksands in this locality. Crossing the river you arrive at Mr McGregor's station, where I would advise you to get a shakedown and you can have a crack with him. I would advise you to leave your horse here, and if you can get anything like a pair of canvass overalls clasp them on, brace up your energies, and off you go over rocks, through manuka scrub, green and burnt, entangled with fallen birch trees, and through wet dark fern, shoulder high. As black as a sweep, the perspiration steaming on you and with your clothes in tatters, you arrive at the Hawea bush, where there are a few residents. I think you will agree with me, Mr Traveller, when I say the want of a good track over this eight miles of country is a blot on the district and a disgrace to the county. I am merely writing the description of this tour to show how much we stand in need of passable tracks, and the money to make them. Then you travel about six miles of heavy beach-walking, and arrive at Mr Colquhoun's, where you will be treated well. There was a gang of men here doing really substantial work under competent management, and I regret that sufficient funds were not spared to finish the work. A post-office is sorely needed here, some people having to go 40 miles for their letters. A store, stable and respectable dining-room in this place would also be a great boon to the travelling public. Procuring a horse, you can reach the Makarora Station by dinner-time. Having dined, cross the Makarora and Wilkin rivers to Mr McLaren's, then on to Mr A. C. Thomson's, where you had better camp. Starting in the morning, you cross Minaret creek, and your troubles commence—going up zig-zag tracks, sometimes sheer down into the Wanaka Lake. Ascending the last hill, looking southwards you can see Mr H. S. Thomson's station on the flat; the Wanaka station and the Pembroke Hotel at the foot of the Lake, with Albert Town looming in the distance. You cannot go astray now, so I will bid you good-day, Mr Traveller.

The unprecedented calamities caused by the floods, and the very serious losses sustained throughout this district, render it more than ever satisfactory to W. TALBOYS, of the London House, that he is in a position to mitigate the evil to some degree by offering his Drapery and Groceries at exceedingly low prices. His Groceries, of which he has laid in a large stock, are quoted in another column fully 25 per cent. below ordinary retail rates. The drapery prices are bearing fruit every day. — W. TALBOYS, London House, Cromwell. —[Adv.]

A Home paper says that at the Exeter Assizes some time ago an amusing discussion took place between Mr Baron Huddleston, the bar, and the jury, with regard to the evidence of a female witness. The learned counsel for the defence remarked that women, under certain circumstances, would swear to anything, upon which His Lordship remarked that although his experience of women was not sufficient to enable him to go as far as this, yet it was an undoubted fact that a woman told a lie a great deal better than a man, and with much more effect. Whether it was that a man felt his dignity to a certain extent offended by recourse to untruth he could not answer, but it was certain a woman did tell a lie much more logically, and stick to it with much more pertinacity, and with a much greater appearance of truth than a man could.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

About 40 of the Christchurch City Guards have offered their services for the front if required.

A deaf and dumb man was last week, at Dunedin, sent to prison for three months on a charge of vagrancy.

Two New Zealand horses, Le Loup and Fishhook, have each been backed to win £20,000 on the Melbourne Cup.

A testimonial of 1,000 guineas has been presented to Dean M'Cartney, of Melbourne, who has attained his 80th year.

The statement of the London Times that the Prince of Wales comes in the Serapis to visit the Sydney Exhibition is contradicted.

Mrs Fraser, keeper of a brothel in Melbourne, has died, leaving £80,000 sterling to her relatives.

Father Henneberry is lecturing to immense audiences at Brisbane. A congregation of 2,000, headed by the Roman Catholic Bishop, all signed the temperance pledge.

Out of the 54 school committees in Southland 37 have expressed an opinion relative to the reintroduction of the Bible into the public schools, 33 being in favor, and 4 against the proposal.

The number of exhibits to be sent from Oamaru to the Sydney Exhibition is 43. They include all kinds of grain, specimens of Oamaru stone (plain and carved), and paintings from the brushes of two local artists.

An additional vote of £50,000 has been made for the Sydney Exhibition, making £175,000 in all, although the original estimate of the Colonial Architect was only £50,000. His dismissal is demanded, but the Government stand by him.

A murderous assault was committed last week at Christchurch by a man named William Henry Strange, on his son, two years of age. The man, while intoxicated, dashed the child's head violently against a door. The child is not expected to recover, and the father has been lodged in prison.

The statement made by the Melbourne Age to the effect that Kate Kelly interviewed the captain of the Victorian Cross with regard to the passage of some persons to California is without foundation. No one connected with the outlaws saw the captain.

Julius Eastwood, the Timaru Volunteer who created the disturbance in Walker-street, Dunedin, on the return from Invercargill Review, was found guilty at the Supreme Court sittings last week. Having been in prison for nearly three months, he was sentenced to 24 hours, and bound over to keep the peace for six months.

The Sydney Evening News states that Sarah Gale, the paramour of the murderer Greenacre, who was executed many years ago for the revolting murder of a woman, is just dead. She was transported to Sydney, where she married and became eminently respectable. Many shops were shut as a mark of respect on her death.

Professor Baldwin talks of paying Te Whiti a visit, and says that he believes that he can frighten the old chief out of his boots. If Te Whiti wears any we think it quite likely that Mr Baldwin would succeed, if not he might easily frighten him out of his wits. The Professor says that he can answer questions in Maori or Chinese as easily as in English, and talks of describing minutely Te Whiti's ancestors for that chief's especial delectation. The idea is a novel one, and even though ineffectual, it would prove very interesting at the present crisis.

The inquest on the body of F. M. Bates, the actor, showed that he was found face downwards, with his coat buttoned and his jewellery all gone, excepting the studs bearing his initials. The back of his coat was clean, and he had slightly turned, resting on a small stone. His hat was crumpled, and lying a short distance off. There was no sign of a struggle or footsteps, although the night was raining and the soil clay. Mr Bates was buried with Masonic honors.

A fatal accident occurred to a son of Mr W. Clack, of Dunrobin, on the night of Saturday or rather the morning of Sunday, 29th ult. The child—about six years of age—had been suffering from chilblains, to relieve which his mother had applied cloths saturated with kerosene to his legs and feet. The child went to bed with these bandages on, and about 1 o'clock in the morning got up to renew the cloths, and while sitting by the fire a spark caught the oil-soaked materials, setting them ablaze, and seriously burning his abdomen, thighs and legs. The Tapanui Courier says Dr Douglas attended as early as possible, but could do no more than allay the child's sufferings, and he died during the course of the day.

The Bruce Herald tells the following wonderful story:—A day or two ago Dr Smith, while on his way from Balclutha to Popotuna, observed, not far from the road, a sparrow-hawk in the act of devouring something. In order to satisfy his curiosity, the doctor rode to the spot, and dispossessed the bird of his prey, an English partridge, with the head off, and portions of the plumage gone. Having put the dead bird into his pocket, the doctor pursued his journey, when suddenly he received a sort of blow at the back of his head. On turning round to ascertain the cause, he was astonished to find that the sparrow-hawk had followed him and struck him from behind. The bird continued his attacks on Dr Smith during the rest of the journey, a distance of two miles, but was kept at bay with the assistance of a riding-whip. For some time after reaching his destination (Mr Thomas Pollock's) the bird was seen hovering over the house, but when the doctor left it had finally disappeared. Our informant has seen the partridge in question.

A son of a prisoner now undergoing five years' hard labor in Melbourne Gaol, for wife assault, inherits £20,000.

Two thousand four hundred persons, including soldiers and sailors, returning to France, left New Caledonia at the end of June.

The Lawrence Borough Council have overcome their temporary financial difficulty, the Bank of New South Wales having come to the rescue.

The Rifle Association are arranging for matches during the Sydney Exhibition. All the world is invited to compete. One match is for Martini-Henri rifles and the other for small-bore rifles.

The quantity of stone crushed by the Welcome Company at Reefton during the half-year ending June was 1380 tons, which yielded 5837 ounces of gold. The dividends declared during the same period amounted to £15,750, of which £2250 was from the proceeds of stone crushed during the previous half-year.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

The Chairman of the Maniototo County Council has received the following letter from Mr De Lautour, M.H.R.:—

When so many would dissuade Parliament from interfering in this question, urging on the platform and in the Press all kinds of possible violations of Imperial treaties and abstruse rules of political economy, it is refreshing to notice the practical mode adopted by your Council in settling the question for itself in the interests of its own people. Men who are in earnest may be allowed credit for believing that the Imperial Government will take care of Imperial honor without their assistance, and that the degradation of labor in New Zealand, whatever the Government may say, must, in the long run, prove inimical to the best interests of the community. In the consideration of the Chinese question I have been reluctantly compelled to throw aside, one after another, all those notions of free trade in labor, benefits of unrestrained competition, fair play to capital, and the like, which the mind so readily receives, and so tenaciously clings to, often enough with insufficient, if any, reason. Granting the Chinese all the virtues of patience, industry, and frugality, which their apologists claim for them, and shutting our eyes to their vices, as well we may, it is quite evident that Chinese and European labor cannot exist side by side when applied in differently to the same industries. The circumstances under which the two classes of labor are applied are altogether different. If, as a people, we were content that our European immigration should in future be restricted to single men only, we should be taught the habits of the Chinese; if it were possible to teach these to herd together all the year round, as in the worst days of the bothy system, to give up all idea or hope of home life, to bind themselves in practical slavery to men of their own race who found them in the bare necessities of life, and sold their labor as it suited the seller in the most advantageous market; if we were content to encourage a system under which all interest in life, in the welfare of others and of the Colony would be taken from our working classes, then European labor could compete successfully with Chinese. As it is, our ideas of the position of the working classes of New Zealand is of a very different nature, and I venture to say it is well for us that it should be so. New Zealand seems to offer in every part climate and soil adapted in a remarkable manner to the energies and habits of an European population. As first occupants after the aboriginal population, the English have a right to say what nations shall be associated with them in laying the foundation of what in the course of a very few years must be a nation of distinct type and characteristics, of importance in itself, and as influencing all the islands of Polynesia. If it is desired to give artificial stimulus to the expenditure of capital, apart from that given by the methodical immigration carried on by the Government, need we resort to China? In Great Britain at the present time there are thousands of families on the verge of want, living from day to day in ignorance as to where the next day's meal is to be found, and unable to make any provision against a time of sickness or inevitable old age. Should not our hand be extended to these our own fellows whose poverty is not their fault, and whose energies would find so ready a field for profitable exercise in New Zealand? Yet how can we invite these to our shores, or urge that the Home Government should assist their emigration, if on their arrival the men are to be exposed to competition with the encumbered and gregarious Chinese laborer?

I shall be glad to forward what I believe to be the views of the Maniototo Council in putting a stop to all further Chinese immigration, as this step is in my opinion essentially necessary to secure the welfare and happiness of our own people. Residents in your County might afford valuable aid to the Assembly in arriving at a conclusion on the subject by collecting information as to the modes under which Chinese labor is employed, the rate of wages the Chinese earn, the cost of their maintenance, and their habits generally. What is now wanted is more definite information. The opponents to Chinese settlement have to meet the charge of being prejudiced and refusing inquiry. To enable them to reply successfully they should be well armed with reliable data.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Though it is impossible in this climate of changing temperature, to prevent ill-health altogether, yet its form and frequency may be much mitigated by the early adoption of remedial measures. When hoarseness, cough, thick breathing, and the attending slight fever indicate irritation of the throat or chest, Holloway's Ointment should be rubbed upon these parts without delay, and his Pills taken in appropriate doses, to promote is curative action. No catarrhs or sore throats can resist these remedies. Printed directions envelope every package of Holloway's medicaments, which are suited to all ages and conditions, and to every ordinary disease to which humanity is liable.

MINING NOTES.

There is a miner named Heine, at the Arrow, who deserves to make his pile, if pluck and endurance are worth anything. Most people have heard of the Arrow river, along which great finds were made in the early days. The river in one place falls 150ft, and 12 years ago the idea was conceived of boring a tunnel under the fall to the bed of the river above. Several companies took a hand at the work, but caved in one after another. 600ft of tunnel had been made when the last company gave up in despair, the difficulties and dangers of the work having become positively frightful. The tunnel had got into a heap of piled up boulders, which might give way at any moment and drown work and workers. Nothing daunted, Heine bought up all claims for an old song, and not being able to find a mate to face so many dangers, he actually set to work alone early last year, and kept to it steadily ever since. The floods of last spring broke into the tunnel, and nearly put an end to Heine and his venture, but he contrived somehow to repair the damage, and recently struck the drift of wash dirt under the river. It is generally believed in the district that there is an immense deposit of gold just above the falls, and there ought to be, for nothing less than a cartload of dust would repay Heine's Herculean labor.

We learn from Kumara that on Saturday week Matheson and party washed up, and for five weeks' work obtained over £800 worth of gold. This party will have four or five years' work yet out of their ground. There are numerous parties of miners at Kumara who are making from £12 to £20 per week, and within a few days two shares have changed hands at £400 each.

The almost unparalleled richness of Mr Holverson's claim, near Hyde, is a theme of frequent remark, and many and contradictory are the predictions concerning it—whether it is, technically speaking, a "lode," a "gutter," a "rich patch," or simply a "pot-hole." What it is we (*Mount Ida Chronicle*) hesitate to give an opinion, and in which direction, outside his claim, the rich auriferous deposit is laid has not yet been found out—the recent inclemency of the weather preventing prospectors from sinking shafts in endeavoring to discover it. The father Mr Holverson gets into his claim the greater amount of treasure it yields. Last week, when the first day's operations were commenced, 30ozs was the result; the second day, 43ozs; the third day (Friday), 90ozs; and on Saturday last, 120ozs, working from five to six hours each day. When we mentioned the extraordinary richness of this claim two weeks ago, when about 20ozs of gold was obtained per day, it was thought to be next to impossible that deposits of such a rich character existed in Otago; but the results then obtained pale into insignificance when placed side by side with the unprecedented yield of 120ozs of gold per day. It appears that the deposit runs further into Mr Holverson's claim, and does not pass outside the boundary, as was originally supposed, and on the strength of which idea a claim adjoining the boundary in a line with the "gutter" was pegged off, and several shafts sunk. Good payable wash was obtained at the bottom of these shafts, but not of the same rich character. The success of Mr Holverson, we have no doubt, will attract many miners to that locality, and will be an incentive to prospecting operations with the advent of spring.

The First Melbourne Newspaper.

Forty-one years ago journalism was represented in Melbourne by a small foolscap sheet issued weekly by Mr John Pascoe Fawcner, one of the founders of that city. We have had the pleasure of inspecting one of the earliest issues (No. 2) of the *Melbourne Advertiser*, for by that name was the newspaper known, and its appearance is unique in the extreme. Three of its pages, which by-the-by are all in manuscript, are occupied with advertisements, an evident sign that the earliest colonists were fully alive to the advantages to be gained by publicity through the Press. Mr Fawcner monopolises the largest share of the space with his announcements, which by their variety indicate that that gentleman must have been of a singularly enterprising turn of mind. For instance, that of his hotel, which was the first established, after setting forth the merits of the stock, which had been procured from the very best houses in Cornwall, Van Diemen's Land, goes off to enumerate the "mental recreation of a high order" which was also provided for travellers. The said mental recreation consisted of seven English and five colonial weekly newspapers, seven British monthly magazines, three quarterly British reviews up to July and August, 1837, and a very choice selection of books, including novels, poetry, theology and the sciences. These were free to lodgers. Mr Fawcner also seems to have kept a separate library, as in another part of the paper we find a polite intimation to his subscribers that it is usual to pay up all arrears at the beginning of a new year. From other advertisements we also learn that Mr Fawcner bought and sold cattle and pigs, and kept an extensive stock of building material which he was ready to dispose of on the most favorable terms. The little relic of the past, for the *Advertiser* has long since, like its owner, passed away, is interesting, and compared with the mighty *Argus* of the present day, no more forcible evidence could be shown of the vast progress made by the Victorian capital since Mr Fawcner issued his tiny sheet. No doubt in those days it was as eagerly scanned as are its favored successors of to-day, and "the particulars of the murder of Constable Tomkins" which the issue under notice contains, no doubt proved a fruitful source of gossip amongst its readers.

Do not be imposed on by puffing cheap sales. Enquire prices at the other stores, then come to J. Solomon and prove he will not turn away a Cash Customer without doing business. Any amount of Bargains going for less than cost price.—[Advt.]

MR A. F. BLOOD, B.A.,
Has Commenced Practice as a
SOLICITOR AND CONVEYANCER

In the District, R.M. and Warden's
Courts, Cromwell.

Mr Blood is prepared to visit Alexandra,
Blacks, &c., when professionally required.

OFFICE:
NEXT DOOR TO THE BANK OF NEW
ZEALAND.

MELBOURNE CUP, 1879.

122 NOMINATIONS. ADMISSION, £1.

First Cash	...	...	£900
Second Cash	...	...	450
Third Cash	...	...	270
Other Starters (divided) Cash	...	...	1,530
Non-starters (divided) Cash	...	...	2,250
Total Cash	...	...	£5,400

Exchange (1s) to be added to country cheques.
Two postage stamps necessary—one for reply
and one for result.

Address—
ALFRED A. CAMERON,
Box 251; or, Prince of Wales Hotel, Dunedin.

GEORGE MATTHEWS,
NURSERYMAN & SEEDSMAN,

DUNEDIN,

HAS ON SALE—

Fruit Trees of all sorts
Forest Trees in great variety
Gooseberry and Currant Bushes
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs
Boxwood Plants for edging walks
Rhubarb Roots
Lawn Grass Seed
Farm Seeds and Garden Seeds of every
description and all thoroughly genuine

Catalogues and Special Lists on application.

Agency at Cromwell:
ARGUS SEED WAREHOUSE.

WAKATIP FLOUR & OATMEAL
MILLS, LAKE HAYES.

ROBERT GILMOUR - PROPRIETOR.

The Proprietor begs to announce to the public
that, owing to the increased demand for Oatmeal,
he has now completed considerable improvements
on his oatmeal machinery, and is prepared to
supply a first-class article at a most reasonable
rate.

R.G.'s Mill being under the management of a
Miller of wide experience, the public can depend
upon a Constant Supply of Flour of the best
quality, and can offer it at as cheap a rate and
upon as reasonable terms as any in the district.

ROBERT GILMOUR.

V. R.
THE MINES ACT, 1877.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Notice of Application for a Mineral
Lease.

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice that,
after the lapse of seven days from the date
hereof, we will leave with the Warden of the
Mining District of Dunstan an application for a
Mineral Lease, the particulars whereof are here-
under set forth:—

Name in full of Applicants, and Style
under which it is intended that the
Business should be carried on: Edward
M'Nulty, junr., William Muter.

Full Address of each Applicant: Cromwell.

Extent of Ground applied for: 10 acres.

Minimum Number of Men to be employed
when commencing; also, subsequently,
when in full work: For the first six
months, two men. Subsequently, when
in full work, four men.

Amount of Money proposed to be invested:
£500.

In what manner the Land is to be worked:
Shafts and tunnels.

Precise Locality: South bank of Kawarau,
one and a half mile from Cromwell.

Term for which Lease is required: 21 years.

Time of Commencing Operations: Immedi-
ately.

Whether the Land applied for will include
any River, Creek, or Permanent Water-
spring, or Artificial Reservoir: No.

EDWARD M'NULTY, JUNR.

WILLIAM MUTER.

Cromwell, July 2, 1879.

IMPORTANT TO FLOCK-MASTERS!!

COOPER'S SHEEP DIPPING POWDER

IS THE CHEAPEST AND BEST.

It dissolves in Cold Water, and should be used in preference to any other Dip

FOR TICKS, LICE, SCAB,
AND FOR ALL OTHER SHEEP-DIPPING PURPOSES.

This Dip has been in use upwards of 30 years, and has never been equalled by any other; it is of uniform strength, requires no boiling or hot water, does not stain the wool, and is equally good as a Summer and Winter Dip. It is especially recommended as a certain cure for Scab, and is thoroughly adapted to all the requirements of Colonial Sheep-owners.

Testimonial from JAMES ALEXANDER, Esq., WANGANUI, New Zealand.

To Mr W. COOPER, M.R.C.V.S. January 28th, 1878.
"Four years ago a merchant in Wanganui, New Zealand, had eight cases of your Sheep Dipping Powder, which he asked me to try. Not having used it before, I hesitated to try it on a large scale, so I took a few packets, and dissolved them according to your directions, and filled my Dipping Bath, which is about 6 ft deep. I then selected some old Ewes for the experiment, caring but little whether I killed them or not. I made them jump into the bath, and those that did not go over the head in the liquid were pushed under by a man with a stick. I allowed them to remain in the dip about the time you prescribe, and then let them walk out, which, by the construction of our bath, they were enabled to do. They stood on the dripping board until dry, and were then turned out to grass, and not one of them was injured in the least. This experiment proved to me that your Dipping Powder could be used with safety on a large scale, so I purchased the eight cases of Powder already referred to, and dipped my whole flock, numbering 10,000 sheep, in the same way, and did not lose one. I dipped for Lice, which had been very bad in my flock for years; and I have now got entirely clear of them through the use of your Powder. I still dip every year, as I think your preparation fosters the growth of Wool. I have not seen your Dip tried for Scab, but have been told by my neighbors that it is as good for Scab as it is for Lice.
"After the effectual cure of my flock, the demand for your Powder became great, and orders were sent to Melbourne and other places where it could be got, and the merchant before spoken of got shipments from England, as you must be quite aware.
"I have dipped over 50,000 sheep with it, and never lost but one, and that one was seen licking its flanks just after it left the bath. I have no difficulty in dipping 1000 to 1200 in the day of eight hours with three men. I consider that with ordinary care your Dipping Powder is as safe on a large scale in the Colonies as it is with the small flocks in England. The chief point to mind is that the sheep are quite dry before they are turned out to grass."

PREPARED ONLY BY

WILLIAM COOPER,

Member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons,

CHEMICAL WORKS, BERKHAMSTED, ENGLAND.

Sold in Packets (with plain directions) sufficient on an average for Twenty Sheep.

AGENTS IN NEW ZEALAND:

Messrs FELTON, GRIMWADE & CO., Wellington.
Messrs KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & CO., Dunedin, Auckland and Christchurch.
Messrs DRUMMOND & ALEXANDER, Wanganui.
Messrs BARRAUD & SON, Chemists, Wellington.

COOPER'S PAMPHLET ON

SCAB IN SHEEP, AND HOW TO CURE IT.

May be had post free from any of the above-named Agents.



COACH TO LAKE WANAKA.

KIDD'S MAIL COACH

Leaves Goodger's Hotel, Cromwell,

FOR LAKE WANAKA

Every

WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY

Morning, at 7 o'clock, returning the following day.

Booking Office for Passengers and Parcels:

GOODGER'S HOTEL, CROMWELL.

C O B B & C O ' S

TELEGRAPH LINE OF ROYAL MAIL COACHES

Leave Cromwell for Dunedin every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at the usual hour; and leave Cromwell for Queenstown every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY.

Dunedin Booking Office for Parcels:

PARCEL BOOKING OFFICE,

Railway Department, Dunedin.

H. CRAIG & Co.,

PROPRIETORS.

Head Office: Peel-street, Lawrence.

NEW ZEALAND STAMP DUTIES.

Affidavits or Declaration	£0 2 6
Agreements where the value is of £20 or upwards	0 1 0
Ditto, deed, 10s, counterpart	0 2 6
Annual License, Joint Stock Company, on every £100 of nominal capital	0 1 0
Appointments of power over property	0 10 0
Bill of Exchange, on demand	0 0 6
Ditto ditto, inland, not on demand, for every £50 or part thereof	0 1 0
Bill of Lading, or receipt, or copy	0 1 0
Certificate of Incorporation	5 0 0
Cheque or Draft for any sum	0 0 1
Conveyance, for every £50, or part thereof	0 5 0
Deed of Settlement, for every £100, or part thereof	0 5 0
Deeds not otherwise charged	0 10 0
Lease, without premium, for every £50 or part thereof annual rent	0 2 0
Ditto, with premium, with or without rent, or with premium and annual rent of £20 or more, same rate as Conveyances, on the premium and rent; Counterpart of Lease	0 2 6
Policy of Insurance, Marine, for every £100, or part thereof	0 1 0
Ditto, not exceeding six months, for every £100, 1s; twelve months	0 2 0
Power of Attorney	0 10 0
Promissory Notes on demand	0 0 1
Ditto, other than to bearer, on demand, not exceeding £25, 6d; not exceeding £50, 1s; and for every additional £50, or part	0 1 0
Receipt for £2 or upwards	0 0 1
Transfer of Shares, where purchase money does not exceed £20, 1s; £50, 2s 6d; £100, 5s; exceeding £100, for every £50 or part thereof	0 2 6

Transfer of Station or Run (except as a mortgage), for every £100 of value

TELEGRAPHIC CHARGES.

INLAND.

The rate for Inland Telegrams of ten words is 1s, and 1d extra for every additional word. On Sundays these rates are doubled. No charge for addresses and signature up to ten words—1d each beyond that number.

FOREIGN.

The following are the Rates for Telegrams for twenty words or less (including Melbourne or Sydney rates) via Port Darwin and the Java Cable:—

Austria	£ s. d.	London	£ s. d.
Belgium and Holland	9 5 6	Portugal	9 9 0
Denmark	9 5 6	Russia	9 6 0
France	9 5 6	Spain	9 8 0
Germany	9 5 6	Sweden	9 5 0
Greece	9 5 6	Switzerland	9 4 6
Great Britain	9 3 6	Turkey	9 6 0
Italy	9 3 6		

Via Sydney the rates are 3s more throughout.

Telegraph Offices are open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. on week days, and from 10 to 10.30 a.m. and 5 to 5.30 p.m. on Sundays.

NEW ZEALAND CABLE.

(In addition to New Zealand charges.)
Telegrams for Sydney only.—First ten words, 8s; each additional word, 9d.
All other stations in New South Wales.—First ten words, 8s 6d; each additional word, 10d.
All stations in Victoria.—First ten words, 9s 6d; each additional word, 11d.
All stations in South Australia, exclusive of overland line tariff.—Same as Victoria.
All stations in Tasmania.—First ten words, 13s 6d; 1s per word for Australian and New Zealand Cable, and 2s for every additional five words or fraction of five words for Tasmanian Cable.
Messages for London and places in Europe (a word rate).—Ten shillings and sixpence per word; to which must be added Australian Cable and Australian charges.—First ten words or fraction, 9s 6d, and every word after ten, 11d per word.

POST-OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS.

The following are the Regulations for the above banks:—

1. Interest at the rate of 4 to 4½ per cent per annum is given on £200 and under; at the rate of 3 to 4 per cent per annum on sums under £500; and in the same proportion for any shorter time on every complete £1 deposited, provided that no interest be allowed on more than £500.
2. Depositors in the Post-office Savings Banks have direct Government security for the prompt repayment of their money.
3. A Depositor in any one of the Post-office Banks may continue his deposit in any other of such Banks, and can withdraw his money at that Post-office Bank which is most convenient to him.
4. The strictest secrecy is observed with respect to the Names of the Depositors in Post-office Banks, and the amounts of their deposits.
5. Money may be deposited by or on behalf of minors. Depositors over seven years of age are treated as persons of full age, but minors under seven years of age cannot withdraw their deposits until they have reached the age of seven.
6. Applications to the Chief Offices in each Province on the business of Post-office Savings Banks, and the replies sent thereto are free from charge or postage.

Miscellaneous.

DUNSTAN BREWERY

COLONIAL WINE AND CORDIAL

MANUFACTORY,

MONTE CRISTO, CLYDE.

J. D. FERAUD

Takes the present opportunity of informing the residents of the Northern Goldfields and the general public that his factory being replete with every convenience, he is now turning out an article not to be equalled. Mr Feraud has succeeded in producing

AROMATIC TONIC BITTER WINES,

which are not only agreeable beverages, but also have excellent medicinal qualities. The following is Professor Black's report:—

"University, Dunedin, Otago, N.Z.

"Laboratory.

"Class—Beverages.

"November 5, 1875.

"I have examined for Mr J. D. Feraud, of Monte Cristo, Clyde, Otago, two samples of Aromatic Tonic Bitters, with the following result:—No. 827 is a sherry colored, and No. 828 is a port wine red colored liquid; they are both perfectly transparent, showing the purity of the water and other substances employed in their manufacture.

"These two beverages have a slight acid chemical reaction, and possess an agreeable cool bitter taste, blended with a sensation of sweetness, arising from the saccharine matter of the fruit of which they are the fermented extract.

"I have also examined the aromatic and other flavoring substances used by Mr Feraud in their manufacture, and from the proportions in which they are blended with the fruit wine, they must be pronounced perfectly safe, and free from anything like deleterious properties.

"I consider these wines, therefore, an agreeable and perfectly safe beverage, and when diluted with three or four times their bulk of water, they will make a good cooling summer drink.

"JAMES G. BLACK,

"Provincial Analyst."

COLONIAL WINES, CORDIALS, and SYRUPS, Either in bulk or bottle.

Orders from any part of the Province punctually attended to.

J. D. FERAUD.

MEDICAL HALL, ARROWTOWN.

E. GRUBER,

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,

Vendor of Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Patent Proprietary Medicines.

Fancy Goods, Stationery, Account and School Books, &c.

HORSE AND CATTLE MEDICINES.

Agent for THE CROMWELL ARGUS.

ROBERT BOYNE,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER AND

NEWS AGENT,

BALLARAT-STREET, QUEENSTOWN.

Agent for all the principal Home and Colonial Newspapers and Periodicals, which are received regularly by every mail.

Books and Stationery of all kinds kept in stock.

Agent for THE CROMWELL ARGUS.

Orders for Advertisements and Subscriptions received.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDOR.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Universal Patronage.

Let all sufferers from general or local disease take heart and follow in the wake of thousands who ascribe their restoration of health to the use of Holloway's Ointment and Pills. Rheumatism in the muscles or joints, gouty pains, neuralgic tortures, cramps and spasmodic twitches depart under the employment of these noble remedies. Bad legs, all kinds of wounds, ulcers, sores, burns, cutaneous inflammations, are quickly conquered. The reputation Holloway's Ointment and Pills have acquired throughout the habitable globe should induce every afflicted person to give them a fair trial before despairing of relief or abandoning hope.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts.—Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers.

It is surprising how quickly a sore, ulcer, or wound, deprives the body of strength and unfits it for the duties of life, and it is no less wonderful to watch the effect of Holloway's Healing Ointment, when it is used according to the printed directions, and assisted by appropriate doses of the Pills.

Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Sore Throats, Coughs, and Colds.

This Ointment will cure, when every other means have failed. It is a sovereign remedy for all derangements of the throat and chest. Settled coughs or wheezing will be promptly removed by rubbing in the Unguent.

Gout and Rheumatism.

Will be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the afflicted parts. This treatment must be perseveringly followed for some time, and duly assisted by powerful doses of Holloway's Pills. These purifying and soothing remedies demand the earnest attention of all persons liable to rheumatism, gout, sciatica, or other painful affections of the muscles, nerves or joints.

Piles, Fistulas, and Dropsical Swellings.

This incomparable Ointment is earnestly recommended to all suffering from, or having a tendency to, dropsy. The worst cases will yield in a comparatively short space of time when the Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken to purify the blood and regulate its circulation.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Complaints:—

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sandflies	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Sore Heads
Chiego-foot	Tumours
Chilblains	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds and Yaws
Gout	Cancers
Glandular Swellings	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

Each pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," engraved thereon. On the Label is the address, 533, Oxford Street London, where alone they are manufactured.

Beware of all Compounds styled, HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, With a "New York" Label.

"Is there no hope?" the sick man said; The silent doctor shook his head. "While there is life there's hope, he cried." "Egrotus, dum animas est, spes est."

DR. L. L. SMITH
(The only legally qualified medical man advertising)

CONSULTS—

On all affections of the Nervous System (no matter from what cause arising.)
On all broken-down constitutions.
On all diseases arising from early indiscretions.
On Gout.
On Rheumatism.

IN these colonies, those excesses which we have indulged in "hot youth" tell upon us with fearful interest.

Our regrets are useless, our repining futile. The sole idea should be the chances we possess of remedying the ills we already have, or combating the effects likely to result. Hide it as he may, put on as good an exterior as he can, still is the victim conscious that he is a living lie, and that sooner or later his vices will discover him to the world. Our Faith, our obligations to society at large, the welfare of our future offspring, and the duty we owe to ourselves forbids procrastination, and points out to us not to wait till the ravages break out in our constitutions.

Before negotiating with a merchant, before engaging with a confidential clerk, before employing a barrister, a careful man makes enquiries as to their standing, their length of occupancy or residence; and, in the case of a legal adviser, both as to his legal qualifications and to his capabilities of transacting the individual business he consults him upon. Strange to say, however, in the selection of a medical man, the sufferer frequently omits these necessary precautions and without regard to the fitness, qualification, experience and ability for the particular ailment requiring treatment, he consults the nearest man, whose experience and practice, perhaps, lies in quite an opposite direction.

Is it astonishing that so many are driven mad, are ruined in health, and are bankrupt in spirits, hope and money? Have I not for years pointed out to them that I, Dr. L. L. Smith, am the only legally qualified medicine man advertising in the colonies? Have I not also prosecuted, at my own expense, these very quacks and exposed the various nostrums they are selling,—such as Phosphodyne, Essence of Life, &c.—and had them analysed and found them to consist of "Burnt sugar and flavoring matter," and the certificates I have proved to be all forgeries. It is for this reason that I step out of the ethics of the profession and advertise, to give those who require the services of my branch an opportunity of knowing they can consult a legally qualified man, and one, moreover, who has made this his especial study.

Dr. L. L. Smith is the only legally qualified medical man advertising, and he has been in Melbourne 24 years in full practice on Nervous Diseases

Loss of Power and Debility

Syphilitic Affections

Want of Condition

Gout and Rheumatism.

DR. L. L. SMITH can be consulted by letter—Fee, £1. Medicines forwarded to all the colonies.

Dr. L. L. SMITH, 182 Collins-street East (Late Residence of the Governor), MELBOURNE.

Cromwell, Otago, New Zealand: Printed and published every Tuesday evening by the Proprietor, STEPHEN N. BROWN, at the ARGUS Office, Melbourne Terrace.

TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1879.